Academic Course Description

BHARATH UNIVERSITY Faculty of Engineering and Technology Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering

BEC703 Microwave Engineering Seventh Semester, 2017-18 (Odd Semester)

Course (catalog) description

Microwave Engineering introduces the student to RF/microwave analysis methods and design techniques. Scattering parameters are defined and used to characterize devices and system behavior. Passive and active devices commonly utilized in microwave subsystems are analyzed .To understand about microwave measurements.

| Compulsory/Elective course | : | Compulsory for ECE studen | nts |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Credit & contact hours | : | 3 & 45 | |
| Course Coordinator | : | Ms. S.Beulah Hemalatha | Assoc.Professor |

:

Instructors

| Name of the instructor | Class handling | Office location | Office phone | Email (domain:@ bharathuniv.ac.in | Consultation |
|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Ms. S.Beulah Hemalatha | Final year | SA block | | beulahhemalatha.ece | 12.30-1.30 pm |
| Ms.G.Kanagavalli | Final year | SA block | | | 12.30-1.30 pm |

Relationship to other courses:

 Pre -requisites
 :
 Electromagnetic Fields and waves.

 Assumed knowledge
 :
 The students will have a basic knowledge in field theory and electron Devices and communication theory.

 Following courses
 :

Syllabus Contents

UNIT I MICROWAVE NETWORK THEORY

Introduction –Microwave frequency range, applications of microwaves.– Scattering matrix representation of multi port network -properties of S-parameters – S matrix of a two port network with mismatched load – Z and ABCD parameters-Comparison between [S] - [Z] and [Y] matrices

UNIT II MICROWAVE PASSIVE DEVICES

Coaxial cables-connectors and adapters – Wave guides- Matched terminations –Rectangular to circular wave guide transition–Wave guide corners – Bends and twists – Windows –Attenuators – Phase shifters – Wave guide tees– E plane tee – H plane tee – Magic tee – Isolators – Circulators –Directional couplers – scattering matrix derivation for all components.

7 HOURS

10 HOURS

UNIT III MICROWAVE VACCUM TUBE DEVICES

Introduction – Two cavity klystron amplifier – Mechanism and mode of operation –Power output and efficiency -Applications – Reflex klystron oscillator – Mechanism and mode of operation-Power output – Efficiency – Mode curve – Applications – TWT amplifier – Principle of operation-gain and applications – Magnetron oscillator – Hull cut-off voltage mechanism of operation– Power output and efficiency –Applications – Numerical problems.

UNIT IV MICROWAVE SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES AND CIRCUITS 9 HOURS

Principles of tunnel diodes - Varactor and Step recovery diodes – Transferred Electron Devices -Gunn diode-Avalanche Transit time devices- IMPATT and TRAPATT Devices- Parametric Amplifiers – Introduction to Micro strip Lines, & Monolithic Microwave Integrated circuits-Materials, MMIC Fabrication Techniques.

UNIT V MICROWAVE MEASUREMENTS

Introduction – Slotted line carriage — Spectrum analyzer – Network analyzer – Power measurements – Schottky barrier diode sensor –Bolometer sensor – Power sensor – High power measurement – Insertion loss and attenuation measurement – VSWR measurement – Low and high VSWR – Impedance measurement – Frequency measurement – Measurement of cavity Q – Dielectric measurement of a solid by wave-guide method – Antenna measurement – Radiation pattern – Phase and gain.

TEXT BOOK

1. Annapurna Das, Sisir K. Das, "Microwave Engineering", TMH Co., Ltd., 1999. Reprint 2001.

REFERENCES

- 1. Collin R.E., "Foundation of Microwave Engineering", 2nd Edition, TMH, 1992.
- 2. Samuel Y. Liao, "Microwave devices and Circuits", PHI Pvt Ltd., 1995.
- 3. http://www.microwaves101.com

Computer usage: Nil

Professional component

| General | - | 0% |
|---------------------------------------|---|------|
| Basic Sciences | - | 0% |
| Engineering sciences & Technical arts | - | 0% |
| Professional subject | - | 100% |

Broad area : Communication | Signal Processing | Electronics | VLSI | Embedded

Test Schedule

| S. No. | Test | Tentative Date | Portions | Duration |
|--------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| 1 | Cycle Test-1 | August 1 st week | Session 1 to 14 | 2 Periods |
| 2 | Cycle Test-2 | September 2 nd week | Session 15 to 28 | 2 Periods |
| 3 | Model Test | October 2 nd week | Session 1 to 45 | 3 Hrs |
| 4 | University | ТВА | All sessions / Units | 3 Hrs. |
| 4 | Examination | | | |

10 HOURS

9 HOURS

Mapping of Instructional Objectives with Program Outcome

| This course is to expose basics of Microwave components. To introduce the students to a few microwave measurements. | | Correlates to program outcome | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|---|
| | Н | М | L |
| Demonstrate the ability to identify formulate and solve microwave network related problems | а | F,j | - |
| Understand the need for the different microwave components and their specifications | i | a,b,c,d,k | - |
| Understand the working principles of different microwave sources | - | a,c,d,e | - |
| Demonstrate the ability to identify microwave active devices along with their applications. | j | a,e,g | - |
| Know how to model and determine the performance characteristics of a microwave circuit or system | - | b,c,I,k | - |
| Identify the measurement techniques for different parameters like VSWR, impedance, frequency, power of microwave sources and loads. | f | d | - |

H: high correlation, M: medium correlation, L: low correlation

Draft Lecture Schedule

| UNIT I MICROWAVE NETWORK THEORY 1. Introduction to microwave networks No 2. Microwave frequency range, applications of microwaves No 3. Scattering matrix representation of multi port network No 4. properties of S-parameters No 5. S matrix of a two port network with mismatched load No 6. Z and ABCD parameters No 7. Comparison between [S] - [Z] and [Y] matrices No 9. Wave guides-Matched terminations No 10. Rectangular to circular wave guide transition–Wave guide No 11. Windows – Attenuators No 12. Phase shifters No 13. Wave guide tees – E plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 14. H plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 15. Magic tee - scattering matrix derivation No 16. Isolators – Circulators No 17. Directional couplers – scattering matrix derivation No 17. Directional couplers – scattering matrix derivation No 17. Directional couplers – sca | Session | Topics | Problem solving (Yes/No) | Text / Chapter |
|---|------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------|
| 1. Introduction to microwave networks No 2. Microwave frequency range, applications of microwaves No 3. Scattering matrix representation of multi port network No 4. properties of S-parameters No 5. S matrix of a two port network with mismatched load No 6. Z and ABCD parameters No 7. Comparison between [S] - [Z] and [Y] matrices No UNIT II MICROWAVE PASSIVE DEVICES 8. Coaxial cables-connectors and adapters No 9. Wave guides - Matched terminations No 10. Rectangular to circular wave guide transition–Wave guide corners – Bends and twists. No 11. Windows –Attenuators No No 12. Phase shifters No Introduction derivation. 13. Wave guide tees – E plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No Introduction 14. H plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No Introduction 15. Magic tee - scattering matrix derivation No Introduction 17. Directional couplers – scattering matrix derivation No | UNIT I MIC | ROWAVE NETWORK THEORY | · | |
| 2. Microwave frequency range, applications of microwaves No 3. Scattering matrix representation of multi port network No 4. properties of S-parameters No 5. S matrix of a two port network with mismatched load No 6. Z and ABCD parameters No 7. Comparison between [S] - [Z] and [Y] matrices No Operation of Comparison between [S] - [Z] and [Y] matrices 8. Coaxial cables-connectors and adapters No 9. Wave guides- Matched terminations No 10. Rectangular to circular wave guide transition-Wave guide corners - Bends and twists. No 11. Windows - Attenuators No 13. Wave guide tees - E plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 14. H plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 15. Magic tee - scattering matrix derivation No 17. Directional couplers - scattering matrix derivation No 18. Two cavity klystron amplifier - Mechanism and mode of operation No 19. Power output and efficiency -Applications No 19. Power output and effic | 1. | Introduction to microwave networks | No | |
| 3. Scattering matrix representation of multi port network No 4. properties of 5-parameters No 5. S matrix of a two port network with mismatched load No 6. Z and ABCD parameters No 7. Comparison between [S] - [Z] and [Y] matrices No UNIT II MICROWAVE PASSIVE DEVICES 8. Coaxial cables-connectors and adapters No 9. Wave guides- Matched terminations No 10. Rectangular to circular wave guide transition–Wave guide No Intervention of the second terminations 11. Windows – Attenuators No Intervention 11. Windows – Attenuators No Intervention 12. Phase shifters No Intervention 13. Wave guide tees – E plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 14. H plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 15. Magic tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 16. Isolators – Circulators No 17. Directional couplers – scattering matrix derivation No 19. Power output to efficiency -Applications | 2. | Microwave frequency range, applications of microwaves | No | |
| 4. properties of S-parameters No [T1] Chapter -6 5. S matrix of a two port network with mismatched load No 6. Z and ABCD parameters No 7. Comparison between [S] - [Z] and [Y] matrices No UNIT II MICROWAVE PASSIVE DEVICES 8. Coaxial cables-connectors and adapters No 9. Wave guides- Matched terminations No 10. Rectangular to circular wave guide transition–Wave guide corners - Bends and twists. Int Windows - Attenuators No 11. Windows - Attenuators No Int Windows - Attenuators No 12. Phase shifters No No Int Work 13. Wave guide tees- E plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No Int Windows - Circulators No 15. Magic tee - scattering matrix derivation No Int UII III MICROWAVE VACCUM TUBE DEVICES Int Windows - Circulators No 17. Directional couplers - scattering matrix derivation No No Int UII III MICROWAVE VACCUM TUBE DEVICES 18. Two cavity klystron amplifier - Mechanism and mode of operation No No Int Chapter -9 <t< td=""><td>3.</td><td>Scattering matrix representation of multi port network</td><td>No</td><td></td></t<> | 3. | Scattering matrix representation of multi port network | No | |
| 5. S matrix of a two port network with mismatched load No 6. Z and ABCD parameters No 7. Comparison between [S] - [Z] and [Y] matrices No UNIT II MICROWAVE PASSIVE DEVICES 8. Coaxial cables-connectors and adapters No 9. Wave guides- Matched terminations No 10. Rectangular to circular wave guide transition—Wave guide corners – Bends and twists. No 11. Windows – Attenuators No 12. Phase shifters No 13. Wave guide tees – E plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 14. H plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 15. Magic tee - scattering matrix derivation No 17. Directional couplers – scattering matrix derivation No 17. Directional couplers – scattering matrix derivation No 19. Power output and efficiency -Applications No <td< td=""><td>4.</td><td>properties of S-parameters</td><td>No</td><td>[T1] Chapter -6</td></td<> | 4. | properties of S-parameters | No | [T1] Chapter -6 |
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| 7. Comparison between [S] - [Z] and [Y] matrices No UNIT II MICROWAVE PASSIVE DEVICES 8. Coaxial cables-connectors and adapters No 9. Wave guides- Matched terminations No 10. Rectangular to circular wave guide transition–Wave guide corners – Bends and twists. No 11. Windows –Attenuators No 12. Phase shifters No 13. Wave guide tees– E plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 14. H plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 15. Magic tee - scattering matrix derivation No 16. Isolators – Circulators No 17. Directional couplers – scattering matrix derivation No 18. Two cavity klystron amplifier – Mechanism and mode of operation No 19. Power output and efficiency -Applications No 19. Power output and efficiency -Applications No 20. Reflex klystron oscillator – Mechanism and mode of operation No 21. Power output – Efficiency No [T1] Chapter -9 | 6. | Z and ABCD parameters | No | |
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| 8. Coaxial cables-connectors and adapters No 9. Wave guides- Matched terminations No 10. Rectangular to circular wave guide transition–Wave guide corners – Bends and twists. No 11. Windows – Attenuators No 12. Phase shifters No 13. Wave guide tees– E plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 14. H plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 15. Magic tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 16. Isolators – Circulators No 17. Directional couplers – scattering matrix derivation No 18. Two cavity klystron amplifier – Mechanism and mode of operation No 19. Power output and efficiency -Applications No 20. Reflex klystron oscillator – Mechanism and mode of operation No 21. Power output – Efficiency Page 3 of 7 No | UNIT II M | CROWAVE PASSIVE DEVICES | | |
| 9. Wave guides- Matched terminations No 10. Rectangular to circular wave guide transition–Wave guide corners – Bends and twists. No 11. Windows – Attenuators No 12. Phase shifters No 13. Wave guide tees– E plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 14. H plane tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 15. Magic tee - scattering matrix derivation. No 16. Isolators – Circulators No 17. Directional couplers – scattering matrix derivation No 18. Two cavity klystron amplifier – Mechanism and mode of operation No 19. Power output and efficiency -Applications No 20. Reflex klystron oscillator – Mechanism and mode of operation No 21. Power output – Efficiency Page 3 of 7 No | 8. | Coaxial cables-connectors and adapters | No | |
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| 21. Power output – Efficiency Page 3 of 7 No | 20. | Reflex klystron oscillator – Mechanism and mode of | No | [T1] Chapter -9 |
| | 21. | Power output – Efficiency Page 3 of 7 | No | |

| 22. | Mode curve –Applications | No | | |
|-----------|---|----|------------------|--|
| 23. | TWT amplifier – Principle of operation | No | | |
| 24. | Gain and applications | No | | |
| 25. | Magnetron oscillator – Hull cut-off voltage | No | | |
| 26. | Mechanism of operation | No | | |
| 27. | Power output and efficiency – Applications | No | | |
| UNIT IV I | MICROWAVE SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES AND CIRCUITS | | | |
| 28. | Principles of tunnel diodes | No | | |
| 29. | Varactor and Step recovery diodes | No | | |
| 30. | Transferred Electron Devices -Gunn diode- | No | | |
| 31. | Avalanche Transit time devices | No | | |
| 32. | IMPATT and TRAPATT Devices- | No | [T1] Chapter -10 | |
| 33. | Parametric Amplifiers | No | | |
| 34. | Introduction to Micro strip Lines | No | | |
| 35. | Monolithic Microwave Integrated circuits-Materials | No | | |
| 36. | MMIC Fabrication Techniques | No | | |
| | MICROWAVE MEASUREMENTS | | | |
| 37. | Slotted line carriage | No | | |
| 38. | Spectrum analyzer – Network analyzer – | No | | |
| 39. | Power measurements ,Schottky barrier diode sensor, | No | | |
| | Bolometer sensor, Power sensor, High power measurement | | | |
| 40. | Insertion loss and attenuation measurement | No | [T1] Chapter -13 | |
| 41. | VSWR measurement – Low and high VSWR | No | | |
| 42. | Impedance measurement – Frequency measurement | No | | |
| 43. | Measurement of cavity Q | No | | |
| 44. | Dielectric measurement of a solid by wave-guide method | No | | |
| 45. | Antenna measurement – Radiation pattern – Phase and gain. | No | | |

Teaching Strategies

The teaching in this course aims at establishing a good fundamental understanding of the areas covered using:

- Formal face-to-face lectures
- Laboratory sessions, which support the formal lecture material and also provide the student with practical construction, measurement and debugging skills.
- Small periodic quizzes, to enable you to assess your understanding of the concepts.

Evaluation Strategies

| - | 5% |
|---|------------------|
| - | 5% |
| - | 10% |
| _ | 5% |
| - | 5% |
| - | 70% |
| | - - - - |

Prepared by: S.Beulah Hemalatha Assoc professor , Department of ECE

Dated :

Addendum

ABET Outcomes expected of graduates of B.Tech / ECE / program by the time that they graduate:

a. An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering

b. An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data

c. An ability to design a hardware and software system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints

such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability

d. An ability to function on multidisciplinary teams

e. An ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems

- f. An understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- g. An ability to communicate effectively

h. The broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context

i. A recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning

j. A knowledge of contemporary issues

k. An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

Program Educational Objectives

PEO1: PREPARATION

Electronics Engineering graduates are provided with a strong foundation to passionately apply the fundamental principles of mathematics, science, and engineering knowledge to solve technical problems and also to combine fundamental knowledge of engineering principles with modern techniques to solve realistic, unstructured problems that arise in the field of Engineering and non-engineering efficiently and cost effectively.

PEO2: CORE COMPETENCE

Electronics engineering graduates have proficiency to enhance the skills and experience to apply their engineering knowledge, critical thinking and problem solving abilities in professional engineering practice for a wide variety of technical applications, including the design and usage of modern tools for improvement in the field of Electronics and Communication Engineering.

PEO3: PROFESSIONALISM

Electronics Engineering Graduates will be expected to pursue life-long learning by successfully participating in post graduate or any other professional program for continuous improvement which is a requisite for a successful engineer to become a leader in the work force or educational sector.

PEO4: SKILL

Electronics Engineering Graduates will become skilled in soft skills such as proficiency in many languages, technical communication, verbal, logical, analytical, comprehension, team building, interpersonal relationship, group discussion and leadership ability to become a better professional.

PEO5: ETHICS

Electronics Engineering Graduates are morally boosted to make decisions that are ethical, safe and environmentally-responsible and also to innovate continuously for societal improvement.

| Course Teacher | Signature |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| Ms.S.BEULAH HEMALATHA | |
| Ms.G.KANAGAVALLI | |

Course Coordinator

HOD/ECE